

The appendix C in **Lanz and Rutherford (2016, p.47)** explains how to calibrate the value of β in the linear expenditure system. It says that β is calibrated by solving the following optimization problem

$$\min_{\beta} \sum_i \theta_i [\varepsilon_i - \beta \eta_i (\eta_i \theta_i - 1)]^2 \quad (1)$$

and thus the following equation determines β

$$\beta = \frac{\sum_i \theta_i \varepsilon_i}{\sum_i \eta_i \theta_i (\eta_i \theta_i - 1)} \quad (2)$$

Actually, in `gtap9data.gms` included in GTAPinGAMS, Eq. (2) is used for determining β .

```
betales(r) = sum(i, thetac(i,r)*varepsilon(i,r))
            / sum(i, eta(i,r)*thetac(i,r)*(eta(i,r)*thetac(i,r)-1));
```

However, the true 1st order condition for the problem (1) is not Eq. (2) but the following equation.

$$\beta = \frac{\sum_i \theta_i \varepsilon_i \eta_i (\eta_i \theta_i - 1)}{\sum_i \theta_i \eta_i^2 (\eta_i \theta_i - 1)^2}$$

and Eq. (2) is the 1st order condition for the following problem.

$$\min_{\beta} \sum_i \frac{\theta_i}{\eta_i (\eta_i \theta_i - 1)} [\varepsilon_i - \beta \eta_i (\eta_i \theta_i - 1)]^2$$

I think that there is a slight discrepancy between the problem (1) and its 1st order condition (2).

References

Lanz, Bruno, and Thomas F Rutherford. 2016. “GTAPinGAMS: Multiregional and Small Open Economy Models.” *Journal of Global Economic Analysis* 1 (2): 1–77. [10.21642/JGEA.010201AF](https://doi.org/10.21642/JGEA.010201AF).